

ANNA UNIVERSITY : : CHENNAI – 600 025.

AFFILIATED INSTITUTIONS

REGULATIONS - 2013

M. TECH. PLASTIC TECHNOLOGY (FULL TIME)

I TO IV SEMESTERS CURRICULUM AND SYLLABUS

**SEMESTER I**

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
<b>THEORY</b>					
PA7101	Mathematics for Plastic Technology	3	0	0	3
PA7102	Plastics Materials	3	0	0	3
PA7103	Additives and Compounding	3	0	0	3
	Elective - I	3	0	0	3
	Elective - II	3	0	0	3
<b>PRACTICALS</b>					
PA7111	Plastic Processing Laboratory – I	0	0	6	2
PA7112	Plastic Product / Tool Design Laboratory	0	0	6	2
PA7113	Seminar – I	0	0	2	1
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>20</b>

**SEMESTER II**

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
<b>THEORY</b>					
PA7201	Plastics Testing Technology	3	0	0	3
PA7202	Plastics Composite Technology	3	0	0	3
PA7203	Mould Manufacturing Technology	3	0	0	3
	Elective – III	3	0	0	3
	Elective - IV	3	0	0	3
<b>PRACTICALS</b>					
PA7211	Plastics Processing Laboratory – II	0	0	6	2
PA7212	Plastics Testing Laboratory – I	0	0	6	2
PA7213	Seminar - II	0	0	2	1
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>20</b>

**SEMESTER III**

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
<b>THEORY</b>					
	Elective – V	3	0	0	3
	Elective – VI	3	0	0	3
	Elective – VII	3	0	0	3
<b>PRACTICALS</b>					
PA7311	Plastics Testing Lab – II	0	0	6	4
PA7312	Project Work (Phase – I)	0	0	12	6
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>9</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>19</b>

## SEMESTER IV

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
<b>PRACTICAL</b>					
PA7411	Project Work (Phase II)	0	0	24	12
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>12</b>

**TOTAL NUMBER OF CREDITS : 71**

### LIST OF ELECTIVES

#### M.TECH. (PLASTICS TECHNOLOGY)

##### ELECTIVE - I

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
PA7001	Plastics Processing Technology	3	0	0	3
PA7002	Plastics Packaging Technology	3	0	0	3
PA7003	Coatings Science and Technology	3	0	0	3

##### ELECTIVE - II

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
PA7004	Plastics Mould and Product Design	3	0	0	3
PA7005	CAD/CAM/CAE Application in Mould/Tool Design	3	0	0	3
PA7006	Advanced Mould Manufacturing Technology	3	0	0	3

##### ELECTIVE - III

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
PA7007	Plastics Characterization Techniques	3	0	0	3
PA7008	Physics and Rheology of Polymers	3	0	0	3
PA7009	Advanced Plastics Processing Technology	3	0	0	3

**ELECTIVE - IV**

<b>COURSE CODE</b>	<b>COURSE TITLE</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>PA7010</b>	Polymeric Nanocomposites	3	0	0	3
<b>PA7011</b>	Thermoplastic Elastomers	3	0	0	3
<b>PA7012</b>	Secondary Processing Techniques	3	0	0	3

**ELECTIVE - V**

<b>COURSE CODE</b>	<b>COURSE TITLE</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>PA7013</b>	Bio-Degradable Plastics	3	0	0	3
<b>PA7014</b>	Plastics Waste Management	3	0	0	3
<b>PA7015</b>	Research Methodology	3	0	0	3

**ELECTIVE - VI**

<b>COURSE CODE</b>	<b>COURSE TITLE</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>PA7016</b>	Polymer Blends and Alloys	3	0	0	3
<b>PA7017</b>	Bio-Medical Plastics	3	0	0	3
<b>PA7018</b>	Intellectual Property Rights	3	0	0	3

**ELECTIVE - VII**

<b>COURSE CODE</b>	<b>COURSE TITLE</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>PA7019</b>	Total Quality Management	3	0	0	3
<b>PA7020</b>	Industrial Economics and Costing	3	0	0	3
<b>PA7021</b>	Principles of Management	3	0	0	3

**OBJECTIVES**

The course is aimed to introduce

1. The basic knowledge about numerical solutions of Ordinary Differential Equation & Partial Differential Equation, Queuing Models and Probability and Statistics.
2. The student to a tool used in analyzing a range of problems arising in the modeling of engineering problems.
3. The student for future learning in relation to problem solving and decision-making; technical competence; teamwork and leadership; and reflection.

**OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course, the student would be able to:

1. To acquaint students with the necessary theories and methods in both Ordinary Differential and Partial Differential Equations.
2. To introduce among others, the Queuing Models which is an efficient tool for solving Engineering problems in an elegant way.
3. Have a fundamental knowledge of the basic probability concepts.
4. Have a well – founded knowledge of standard distributions which can describe real life phenomena.
5. Be introduced to the notion of sampling distributions and have acquired knowledge of statistical techniques useful in making rational decision in management problems.
6. Be exposed to statistical methods designed to contribute to the process of making scientific judgments in the face of uncertainty and variation.

**UNIT I NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION 9**

Solution of first order Ordinary Differential Equation - Taylors method; Euler Method; RungeKutta Method of Fourth orders, Predictors – Corrector Methods - Milne and Adams – Bashforths; Introduction to numeric use of the above techniques in plastics engineering and calculations.

**UNIT II NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION 9**

Classification of second order linear partial differential equations; Elliptic equation – Solution of Laplace equation – Solution of Poisson’s equation; Parabolic equations – Solution of one-dimensional heat equation; Hyperbolic equations – Solution of wave equation.

**UNIT III QUEUEING MODELS 9**

Poisson Process – Markovian Queues – Single and Multi-server Models – Little’s formula – Steady State analysis – Self Service Queue.

**UNIT IV PROBABILITY & STATISTICS 9**

Probability – Addition theorem, Multiplication theorem; conditional probability – Baye’s theorem; Distribution Functions - Binomial distribution - Poisson distribution - Normal distribution - Uniform distribution; Curve fitting – fitting a straight line and second degree curve - Fitting a non linear curve; Correlation and Regression.

**UNIT V HYPOTHESIS TESTING 9**

Sampling distribution – Large sample and Small samples; Testing of Null hypothesis, Type I and Type II errors; Z test, t test and test - Goodness of fit.; Fisher’s F test.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

## TEXT BOOKS

1. B S Grewal, "Higher Engineering Mathematics" 37th Edition. Khanna Publishers.
2. Taha, H.A, "Operations Research: An Introduction", Ninth Edition, Pearson Education Edition, Asia, New Delhi, 2002.
3. R.A. Jodhnson, C.N. Gupta, "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 8th edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2007.

## REFERENCES

1. Jain &lyengar, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Dorling Kindersley 2007.
2. Veerarajan. T, "Probability, Statistics and Random Processes", 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
3. Gupta.S.C&Kapoor, V.K, "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi – 1994 Edition.

PA7102

PLASTICS MATERIALS

L T P C  
3 0 0 3

## OBJECTIVES

1. To understand the mechanism of polymerisation, techniques of polymerisation and the significance of different molecular weight averages
2. To provide the depth knowledge about different kinds of plastic materials based on their structure and properties
3. To make the student familiar about properties and end use application of different plastic materials

## OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

1. Select the plastic materials for particular end use application
2. Predict the structure and properties of different kind of plastic material
3. Know the processing of different plastic material based on the end use requirement

## UNIT I POLYMER CHEMISTRY

9

Introduction to polymer–Polymerization–Chain polymerization –Step polymerization. Polymerization techniques–Bulk polymerization – Solution polymerization – Suspension polymerization– Emulsion Polymerization. Molecular weight and its distribution.

## UNIT II COMMODITY PLASTICS

9

Sources and Manufacture of raw materials - Methods of manufacture of Polymer, General Properties and applications of Polyethylene - Polypropylene and their copolymers-Vinyl Polymers and Co-polymers-Polystyrene and Copolymers-Acrylic and copolymers-Cellulose Polymers.

## UNIT III ENGINEERING PLASTICS

9

Sources and Manufacture of raw materials, Methods of Manufacture of Polymer, General Properties and applications of Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene -Polyamides (PA-6, PA-66, PA-6,10, PA-11&12)- Polycarbonates- Polyacetal & Copolymers- Thermoplastic Polyesters (PET & PBT)-Polyphenylene oxide-Polysulfones Fluoropolymers (PVF, PVDF, PTFE, PCTFE)-Thermoplastic Polyurethane.

## UNIT IV SPECIALITY PLASTICS

9

Sources and Manufacture of raw materials, Methods of manufacture of Polymer, General properties and applications of Polyphenylene Sulphide-Polyphenylene ether-Polyether ether ketone-Polyimide and related polymers-Liquid Crystal Polymers-Conductive Polymers– Plastic alloys and blends.

## **UNIT V THERMO SETTING PLASTICS AND BIO-DEGRADABLE PLASTICS 9**

Sources and Manufacture of raw materials, Methods of manufacture of resin-Additives  
- Curing and cross linking agents-General properties and applications of Phenol  
Formaldehyde - Urea Formaldehyde - Melamine Formaldehyde - Unsaturated  
Polyesters-Epoxy resins-Polyurethane and Silicones.  
Overview of Recycling -Recycling of Polymers-Overview of plastics degradation -  
Natural Bio-degradable Polymers-Synthetic Bio-degradable Polymers-Water soluble  
Polymers.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

### **REFERENCES**

1. Fred W. Billmeyer, JR., Text Book of Polymer Science, John Wiley & Sons, Singapore, 1994.
2. J.A. Brydson, Plastics Materials, Butterworth Heinemann Oxford, 1999.
3. Charles A. Harper, Modern Plastics Handbook, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1999.
4. J.S. Anand, Applications of Plastics, CIPET, Chennai-1997.
5. H. Domininghaus, Plastics for Engineers, Hanser Publishers, Munich-1988.
6. Nabil Mustafa, Plastics Waste Management, Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1993.

**PA7103**

**ADDITIVES AND COMPOUNDING**

**L T P C  
3 0 0 3**

### **OBJECTIVES**

- Know about various additives like Lubricants, Fillers, Fibres, flame retardants, colourants, anti oxidants, UV-stabilizers, plasticizers, anti blocking agents, Nucleating agents, Flow promoters, Anti static agents etc.
- Understand the functions of each of these additives, technical requirements, types & mechanism, and their effective evaluation are dealt with in this subject.
- Select suitable plastics material compounding and mixing techniques like two roll milling, internal blender, single / twin screw extruder, etc.

### **OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

1. Understand about various additives & their functions
2. Identify various compounding techniques used for making different grades of Plastics compounds
3. Ascertain various applications for plastic compound

## **UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ADDITIVES**

**9**

Introduction-Technological Requirements-Classification-Chemistry and Mechanism-  
Selection Criteria-General effect on Properties-Evaluation and functions of additives.

## **UNIT II ADDITIVES**

**9**

Antioxidants-Stabilizers(Heat&UV)-Plasticizers-Fillers and reinforcements-Impact  
Modifiers-Lubricants-Slip and Anti-block agents-Processing aids-Blowing agents-  
Flame Retardants-Anti-static&Conductive additives-Nucleating agents-Colourants-  
Additives for Recycling.

## **UNIT III COMPOUNDING TECHNIQUES**

**9**

Selection of Polymers and Compounding ingredients-General objectives-possibilities  
and limitations of mixing and compounding-Methods of incorporation of additives into  
polymer materials.

**UNIT IV COMPOUNDING EQUIPMENTS 9**

Mixing and mixing equipments. Principles- Operating characteristics- Machine construction - Specifications - Process control systems and working details of Batch mixers and continuous mixers - High speed mixer - Two roll mill - Banbury Mixer - Ribbon blender - Planetary mixers - Single Screw extruder - Twin Screw extruder.

**UNIT V END USE MARKET FOR PLASTICS 9**

Principles of Material selection including consideration of conventional materials competitive with plastics - Case studies on material suitability (e.g., Plastic Gears, Feeding Bottle, Bowels for micro wave ovens). Survey and uses of plastics with reasons for their importance in major industries like, Agriculture, Packaging, Building, Transport, Electrical, Electronics and Telecommunications, Medical and Furniture.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**REFERENCES**

1. R. Gachter and H. Muller, Plastics Additives Hand Book, Hanser Publishers, Munich, 1993.
2. John Murphy, The Additives for Plastics Hand Book, Elsevier Advanced Technology, Oxford, 1996.
3. Jesse Edenbaum, Plastics Additives and Modifiers Hand Book, Chapman & Hall, London, 1996.
4. Ica Manas-Zloczower and Zehev Tadmor, Mixing and Compounding of Polymers, Hanser Publications, Munich, 1995.
5. Nicholas P. Cheremisinoff, Polymer Mixing and Extrusion Technology, Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1995.
6. J.A. Brydson, Plastics Materials, Butterworth Heinemann, Oxford, 1999.

**PA7111**

**PLASTIC PROCESSING LABORATORY - I**

**L T P C  
0 0 6 2**

**OBJECTIVE**

In plastics processing Laboratory -I, student will learn about the basic practicals on hand operated injection moulding, semiautomatic & automatic injection moulding machine, Blow moulding process, with different moulds and material, defect, causes & remedies of the process, process parameters and its effect on end product.

**OUTCOME**

Students can easily understand all the techniques in practical session about the machine parts & their function and setting of process parameter. To analyse cycle time, to analyse the trouble shooting and how to overcome

**EXPERIMENTS**

1. Injection Moulding (Hand Operated)
2. Injection Moulding (Semi-Automatic)
3. Injection Moulding (Automatic)
4. Extrusion Processes
5. Compression Moulding (Hand Operated)
6. Compression Moulding (Semi Automatic)
7. Blow Moulding (Hand Operated)
8. Scrap Grinding

**LABORATORY REQUIREMENTS**

1. Injection moulding machine (conventional)	-	2Nos.
2. Plastic tube extrusion machine	-	1No.
3. Plastic film extrusion machine	-	1No.
4. Compression moulding machine	-	2Nos.
5. Blow moulding machine (conventional)	-	1No.
6. Scrap grinding machine	-	2Nos.

**REFERENCES:**

1. A.S. Athaly, Injection Moulding Practice, Multi-Tech. Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1997.
2. Irvin Rubin, Injection Moulding Theory and Practice, A. Wiley interscience Publication. 1972.
3. Lee, Blow Moulding Design Guide, Hansar Publishers, Munich, 1998.
4. Friedhelm Hensen, Plastics Extrusion Technology, Hansar Publishers, Vienna, 1988.

**PA7112****PLASTIC PRODUCT / TOOL DESIGN LABORATORY****L T P C  
0 0 6 2****OBJECTIVES**

The students will be able to familiarize :

1. Basic concept of plastic product and mould design.
2. Designing of different types of injection moulds.
3. Designing of compression moulds, transfer mould and blow mould design.

**OUTCOMES**

Students will get an exposure :

1. Product and mould design.
2. Designing of injection moulds for single impression, multi impression and split moulds.
3. Designing of compression, transfer and blow moulds & extrusion die.

**EXPERIMENTS**

1. Part Drawing from product
2. Design of Mould elements
3. Two plate Mould Design (Injection) – Single impression
4. Two plate Mould Design – Multi impression
5. Three plate Mould Design (Injection) – Multi impression
6. Split Mould Design (Injection)
7. Compression Mould Design
8. Transfer Mould Design
9. Mould Design for Industrial Components
10. Blow Mould Design
11. Extrusion Die Design

**TOTAL: 90 PERIODS****LABORATORY REQUIREMENTS**

1.	Drafting machine	-	30Nos.
2.	Computer system with Autocad software	-	15Nos.



## REFERENCES

1. R.G.W.PYE, Injection Mould Design for Thermoplastic, Affiliater East-West Press P. Ltd., New Delhi, 1989.
2. M.V. Joshi, Dies for Plastics Extrusion, S.G. Wasant for Macmillan India Ltd., Madras, 1992.
3. Norman Lee, Blow Mould Design, Hanser Publishers, Munich, 1998.

PA7201

PLASTICS TESTING TECHNOLOGY

L T P C  
3 0 0 3

## OBJECTIVES

- To understand and carry out important activities in relation to testing methods
- To know about testing methods, testing equipment, test standards, material standards, specimen preparation and some information about quality control activities
- To acquire knowledge in the field of mechanical, thermal, electrical and optical test methods

## OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the students should have a clear understanding of Test Standards Specification Test Method, test procedure, operating principles of test equipment and machines, product testing

### UNIT I CONCEPTS OF TESTING & IDENTIFICATION OF PLASTICS 9

Basic concepts of testing - Specification and Standards - National and International Standards - Test specimen preparation - Pre-conditioning and test atmosphere. Identification of plastics by simple tests - Visual examination - Density - Melting point - Solubility test - Flame test - Chemical tests.

### UNIT II MECHANICAL PROPERTIES 9

Long-term Mechanical Properties – Creep – Stress relation.  
Short-term Mechanical Properties: Tensile properties - Flexural properties - Compressive properties - Shear properties - Impact properties - Tear resistance - Hardness tests - Abrasion resistance - Friction test.  
Specific gravity - Density by Density-gradient technique - Bulk density - Particle size by sieve analysis - Moisture analysis.

### UNIT III THERMAL PROPERTIES 9

Melt flow index - Heat deflection temperature - Vicat softening temperature - Marten's Heat resistance test - Brittleness temperature - Specific heat - Glass transition temperature - Thermal conductivity - Co-efficient of thermal expansion - Shrinkage - Thermal stability - Flammability.  
Characterization of plastics by IR, spectroscopy, light microscopy. Thermal and rheological characterization of plastics.

### UNIT IV ELECTRICAL AND OPTICAL PROPERTIES 9

Dielectric strength - Dielectric constant and Dissipation factor - Insulation resistance - Volume and Surface resistivity - Arc resistance - Antistatic tests.  
Refractive index - Luminous transmittance - Clarity and Haze - Photo-elastic properties - Colour measurements and Specular Gloss.

### UNIT V PERMANENCE PROPERTIES AND PRODUCT TESTING 9

Gas and Moisture Vapour Permeability - Water absorption - Chemical Resistance - Environmental Stress Cracking Resistance - Cracking - UV Resistance - Ozone Resistance

- Weathering Resistance - Salt spray and Straining Resistance - Irradiation Effects - Microbiological attack.

Testing of Pipes and Fittings - Films & Sheets - Container - Foam - Laminates and FRP based products - Failure Analysis.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

## **REFERENCES**

1. Vishu Shah, Hand Book of Plastics Testing Technology, John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York, 1998.
2. J. S. Anand, K. Ramamurthy, K. Palanivelu & C. Brahatheeswaran, How to Identify Plastics by Simple Methods, 1997.
3. R.P. Brown, Hand Book of Plastics Test Methods, George Godwin Ltd., London, 1981.
4. G. C. Ives, J. A. Mead, M. M. Riley, Hand Book of Plastics Test Methods, The Plastics Institute, London, 1971.
5. Frank T. Traceski, Specifications & Standards for Plastics & Composites, ASM International, Metals Park, OH, 1990.
6. J. Hasiam, H. A. Willis, Identification and Analysis of Plastics, London Iliffe Books Ltd., New Jersey, 1980.

**PA7202**

**PLASTICS COMPOSITE TECHNOLOGY**

**L T P C**

**3 0 0 3**

## **OBJECTIVES**

- To understand the properties and manufacturing of various polymer matrix materials used for Plastic composites.
- To know the manufacturing, different grades and properties of various reinforcements used in Plastic composites.
- To learn about the functions and requirements of different types of additives needed in the manufacture of plastics composites.
- To learn various processing techniques , testing and applications of fibre reinforced plastics

## **OUTCOME**

Students are imparted with clear understanding of plastics composites – various components like matrix, reinforcement, special additives etc. They also learn about various processing techniques used for the manufacturing of plastics composites, testing of composites and various application areas.

### **UNIT I**

**9**

Introduction – Resins for composites – polyester resins – epoxy resin – phenolic resins – vinyl ester resins – alkyd resins.

### **UNIT II**

**9**

Reinforcements for composites – Natural fibers – jute, sisal – synthetic fibers – glass fibers – types and different forms – carbon fibers – classification - graphite fibers – polyethylene fibers – silicon carbide and boron fibers.

### **UNIT III**

**9**

Additives for composites – catalysts – room temperature and elevated temperature – accelerators – coupling agents – fillers – flame retardants – toughening agents – UV stabilizers.

### **UNIT IV**

**9**

Processing of composites – Important processes like hand lay-up, spray-up, resin transfer moulding, vacuum bag, pressure bag moulding, centrifugal casting, pultrusion, filament winding, moulding compounds – SMC, DMC, BMC, TMC.

**UNIT V****9**

Testing Quality control & end use of plastics – Testing for mechanical, electrical, thermal, optical and chemical properties, Determination of shelf life and gel time – Non-destructive testing methods. application of FRP products - in marine, chemical, railways, electrical and electronic industry, space structures – Robotics.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS****REFERENCES**

1. P.K. Mallic, Fiber Reinforced composites, Morcal Dekker Inc. 1988.
2. Sidney H. Goodman, Handbook of Thermoset Plastics, John Wiley & Sons, 1984.
3. T.G. Gutowski, Advanced Composites Manufacturing, John Wiley & Sons, 1997.
4. S.M. Lee, Reference Book for Composite Technology I, II & III, Technomic 1989

**PA7203****MOULD MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY****L T P C  
3 0 0 3****OBJECTIVES**

- To select proper materials for mould making
- To understand the need and method of surface treatments
- To acquire the knowledge on mould manufacturing techniques
- To inspect, repair, protect and estimate the moulds

**OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- Identify components of specific products and justify their material selection
- Describe the advantages and disadvantages of the different classes of manufacturing processes
- Describe the manufacturing processes used to fabricate mould components
- understand surface enhancement processes in advanced manufacturing and their applications

**UNIT I MATERIAL FORMOULDS****9**

Selection of steels– Properties of steels– common steels used formoulds–strength of materials, calculation of wall thickness for cavity– Insert size–Life of mould  
Non-ferrous metals formould construction: Application–Zincbasealloys Aluminium alloys –Beryllium copper  
Non-metallic materials formould construction: Advantages and its applications – epoxies-polyester– silicon

**UNIT II SURFACE TREATMENT OF MOULD MATERIALS****9**

Introduction–Heattreatmentprocess–casehardening–throughhardening–nitriding–tipsonsuccessfulheattreatment–vacuumhardening–cryogenicheattreatment  
Hardchromeplating–Nickelplating–chemicaletching–MouldPolishingtechniques

**UNIT III MOULD MAKING TECHNIQUES****9**

Pantographengraving–Hydrocopying–Jigboring–CNCmachines–CNCLathe CNCMilling–CNCEDM–AdvantagesanditsApplications–Assemblyofmoulds– Rapidprototyping

**UNIT IV INSPECTION AND QUALITY CONTROL OF MOULDS****9**

Introduction to Tool Room measuring instruments – Vernier– Micrometer – Height Gauge–SlipGauge–DialGauge–Measuringtapersandangles–CMM.

**UNIT V MOULD ESTIMATION, REPAIR AND PROTECTION****9**

Procedure for estimating mould cost – General outline – Cost calculation – Basic moulds–Cavity–Basicfunctionalcomponents–Specialfunctionsetc.Introduction  
MouldRepairandmaintenance–schedulingmouldmaintenance– advantages – storage – corrosionprotection – wear and lubrication – special consideration.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS****REFERENCES**

1. CyrilDonaldsonGeorgeH.LecainVCGoold,ToolDesign,TATAMcGraw-Hill,1998.
2. RichardR.KibbeJohnE.Neele,RolandOMeyer,WarranT.White,MachineTool Practices,PrenticeHallofIndiaPvt.Ltd.,1999.
3. Irwin Rubin, Injection Moulded Theory and Practice, Wisely Interscience Publication, 1972.
4. Society of Plastics Industry, Plastics Engineering Hand Book, Van Nostrand Reinhold Company, 1945.
5. Dominick V. Rosato, DonaldV. Rosato, InjectionMouldingHand Book, CBC Publishers&Distributors,1987.

**PA7211****PLASTICS PROCESSING LABORATORY - II****LT P C  
0 0 6 2****OBJECTIVE:**

In plastics processing Laboratory -II, student will learn about microprocessor controlled injection moulding machine, Blow moulding process, rotational moulding , thermoforming with different moulds and material, defect, setting the process parameter, quality control and causes & remedies of the process.

**OUTCOME**

Students can easily understand all the techniques in practical session about the machine parts & their function and setting of process parameter. To analyses cycle time and to analyses the trouble shooting

1. Microprocessor controlled Injection moulding operation
2. Blow Moulding Automatic
3. Vacuum Forming
4. Rotational Moulding
5. Coating of Plastics
6. Welding & Sealing of Plastics
7. Screen Printing
8. Machine Maintenance
9. Mould Study
10. FRP – Hand layup process
11. Co-extrusion

**TOTAL : 90 PERIODS****LABORATORY REQUIREMENTS**

- |  |   |        |
|--|---|--------|
| 1. Microprocessor controlled inj. moulding machine | - | 3 Nos. |
| 2. Blow moulding machine (Automatic)               | - | 1 No.  |
| 3. Vacuum forming machine                          | - | 1 No.  |
| 4. Rotational moulding machine                     | - | 1 No.  |

5.	Plastics coating machine	-	1 No.
6.	Ultrasonic welding machine	-	1 No.
7.	Plastic sealing machine	-	1 No.
8.	Printing machine (on plastics)	-	1 No.
9.	Machine maintenance kit	-	1 No.
10.	Moulds maintenance kit	-	5 Nos.
11.	Moulds for plastic products	-	1 No.
12.	FRP hand lay up kit	-	1 No.
13.	Plastic co-extrusion film plant	-	1 No.

## REFERENCES

1. A.S. Athaly, Injection Moulding Practice, Multi-Tech. Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1997.
2. Irvin Rubin, Injection Moulding Theory and Practice, A. Wiley interscience Publication. 1972.
3. Lee, Blow Moulding Design Guide, Hausar Publishers, Munich, 1998.
4. FriedhelmHensen, Plastics Extrusion Technology, Hansar Publishers, Vienna, 1988.

PA7212

PLASTICS TESTING LABORATORY – I

L T P C  
0 0 6 2

## OBJECTIVE

1. To create the knowledge and in hand practice for operating the injection moulding and Compression moulding machine to prepare specimens for various testing of plastics materials as per the ASTM standards.
2. To prepare sheet specimens by Contour cutting & Punching
3. To get practice in testing the Physico-mechanical properties of plastic materials.
4. To learn about the compounding of plastics materials.

## OUTCOME:

1. Students will be able to prepare specimens through injection & Compression moulding and by contour cutting & punching with the shape & size as per ASTM standards for various testing of Plastics Materials.
2. Students will be able to test the Chemical & Mechanical properties of plastics materials in the laboratory

**Chemical Lab:** Identification of Plastics – Viscosity and Molecular Weight Determination – Determination of K-value for PVC.

**Demonstration:** Melting point – Carbon black content – Filler content – Environmental stress cracking resistance – PH meter – Hooper Viscometer – Brookfield Viscometer.

**Specimen Preparation Lab:** Specimen preparation using injection moulding machine – Compression moulding machine – Two roll mill and Contour cutter.

**Demonstration:** Scrap grinder – Blender

**Physico-Mechanical Lab:** Tensile strength – Flexural strength – Compression strength – Tear strength – Impact strength – Hardness

**Demonstration:** Abrasion resistant tester – Folding endurance tester – Burst strength tester – Density gradient column – Creep tester – Moisture vapour transmission rate – Gas permeability – Sieve analysis.

**TOTAL : 90 PERIODS**

## LABORATORY REQUIREMENTS

### **Chemical Laboratory**

1.	Plastics Identification Kit	-	1 No.
2.	Viscometer	-	1 No.
3.	Melting point apparatus	-	1 No.
4.	Carbon black content tester	-	1 No.
5.	Environmental stress cracking resistance tester	-	1 No.
6.	Brookfield viscometer	-	1 No.
7.	P <sup>H</sup> meter	-	1 No.

### **Specimen Preparation Laboratory**

8.	Injection moulding machine	-	1 No.
9.	Compression moulding machine	-	2 Nos.
10.	Two roll mill	-	1 No.
11.	Contour cutter	-	1 No.
12.	Scrap grinder	-	1 No.
13.	Blender	-	1 No.

### **Physico-mechanical Laboratory**

14.	Universal testing machine	-	2 Nos.
15.	Tear strength tester	-	1 No.
16.	Impact strength tester	-	2 Nos.
17.	Shore A – Hardness tester	-	1 No.
18.	Shore D – Hardness tester	-	1 No.
19.	Rockwell Hardness tester	-	1 No.
20.	Abrasion resistance tester	-	1 No.
21.	Folding endurance tester	-	1 No.
22.	Burst strength tester	-	1 No.
23.	Creep tester	-	1 No.
24.	Humidity chamber	-	1 No.
25.	Gas permeability tester	-	1 No.
26.	Sieve analysis apparatus	-	1 No.

### **REFERENCES**

1. Vishu Shah, Hand Book of Plastics Testing Technology, John Wiley & Sons. Inc. New York, 1998.
2. R.P. Brown, Hand Book of Plastics Test Methods, George Godwin Ltd., London, 1981.
3. ASTM test standards for plastics Vol.8.01 to 8.04, 9.01 & 9.02, 2002.
4. ISO test standards, 1998.
5. J.S. Anand, K. Ramamurthy, K. Palanivelu & C. Brahatheeswaran, How to Identify Plastics by Simple Methods, 1997.

**PA7311**

**PLASTICS TESTING LABORATORY – II**

**L T P C  
0 0 6 2**

### **OBJECTIVE**

1. To get practice in testing of electrical, thermal, Optical, & Rheological Properties of plastics materials.
2. To get practice in testing of plastics products like pipes, water tanks, etc and plastics films, tapes, woven sacks.
3. To learn the characterization methods to study the thermal & structural characteristics of polymers using DSC & TGA.

## OUTCOME

1. Students will learn to test the electrical, thermal, Optical, & Rheological Properties of plastics materials.
2. Students will be able to test plastics products like pipes, water tanks, etc and plastics films, tapes, woven sacks.
3. Students can analyze and interpret the output of DSC & TGA to elucidate the thermal behaviour of the polymers.

**Thermal and Rheological Lab:** Melt flow index – Heat distortion temperature – Vicat softening point – Oxygen index.

Demonstration: Brabender – Capillary Rheometer – Haake Viscometer – Thermal conductivity – Marten's heat resistance – Low temperature brittleness – Stiffness by Torsion Pendulum.

**Electrical and Optical Lab:** Volume and Surface resistivity – Breakdown Voltage – Comparative tracking index – Arc resistance – Haze – Gloss – Clarity.

Demonstration: Refractive index – Microscopes – Colour Guard – Microtome cutter.

**Characterization Lab:** Demonstration: Thermal analysis – Thermo gravimetric analysis (TGA) – Differential scanning calorimeter (DSC) – Weather-o-meter.

**Product Testing Lab:** Pipe, film – Water storage tank

**TOTAL : 90 PERIODS**

## LABORATORY REQUIREMENTS

### Thermal & Rheology Laboratory

1.	Melt flow index tester	-	1 No.
2.	Heat deflection temperature tester	-	1 No.
3.	Vicat softening point tester	-	1 No.
4.	Oxygen index tester	-	1 No.
5.	Capillary rheometer	-	1 No.
6.	Haake Rheocord	-	1 No.
7.	Thermal conductivity tester	-	1 No.
8.	Martens heat resistance tester	-	1 No.
9.	Low temperature brittleness tester	-	1 No.
10.	Flammability testing apparatus	-	1 No.

### Electrical & Optical Laboratory

11.	Volume & Surface resistivity testing apparatus	-	1 No.
12.	Dielectric strength tester	-	1 No.
13.	Comparative tracking index tester	-	1 No.
14.	Arc resistance tester	-	1 No.
15.	Haze meter	-	1 No.
16.	Clarity meter	-	1 No.
17.	Gloss meter	-	1 No.
18.	Refractive index tester	-	1 No.
19.	Microscope	-	1 No.
20.	Colour measuring equipment	-	1 No.
21.	Microtome cutter	-	1 No.

### Characterisation Laboratory

22.	Differential Scanning Calorimeter	-	1 No.
23.	Thermo Gravimetric Analyser	-	1 No.
24.	Weather-o-meter	-	2 No.
25.	Gas chromatograph – FTIR	-	1 No.

### Product Testing Laboratory

26.	Hydrostatic pressure tester	-	1 No.
27.	Hot water bath	-	1 No.
28.	Low temperature cabinet	-	1 No.
29.	Reversion test equipment	-	1 No.
30.	Hot air oven	-	1 No.
31.	Dart impact tester	-	1 No.

### REFERENCES

1. Vishu Shah, Hand Book of Plastics Testing Technology, John Wiley & Sons. Inc. New York, 1998.
2. R.P. Brown, Hand Book of Plastics Test Methods, George Godwin Ltd., London, 1981.
3. ASTM test standards for plastics Vol.8.01 to 8.04, 9.01 & 9.02, 2002.
4. ISO test standards, 1998.

**PA7312**

**PROJECT WORK (PHASE I)**

**L T P C  
0 0 12 6**

Thesis/Project work on any of the following specialised area to be carried out by each student.

1. Polymer Blends & Alloys, Speciality & High Performance of Polymers
2. Prototype Development of a machine/tool/testing equipment
3. Experimental Investigation on a specific aspects of plastics processing/tooling.
4. Development of new product designs and value analysis
5. Design of moulds for plastic products with innovative concepts/techniques
6. Studies related to process parameter optimisation in any processing technique for defect free production
7. Application development for substitution of conventional materials by plastics
8. Developmental work in Plastics Waste Management (PWM)/Recycling

**PA7001**

**PLASTICS PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY**

**L T P C  
3 0 0 3**

### OBJECTIVES

In plastics processing technology, students will learn about basics of processing methods, effect of polymer properties on processing behaviors and processing techniques such as injection molding process, compression molding process, transfer molding and thermoset injection molding process, Extrusion process and blow molding process. Students will also learn about trouble shooting in each processing techniques. Students will be learning in selection of processing techniques.

### OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, Students can understand the processing techniques and process in detail. Also they could understand the behaviors of plastics while processing different polymer with different processing techniques

### UNIT I INTRODUCTION & INJECTION MOULDING

**9**

Basic principles– Classification of processing methods– Effect of polymer properties on processing behaviour. Injection Moulding–Definition of terms–Specification Types of machines used–Part & their functions –Cycle time–Process variables & its effect on Moulding quality– Cavity pressure profile Factor in influencing moulding shrinkage, annealing–Frozen-in –Stresses Types of clamping systems and their merits & demerits– Startup and shut down procedures Processing parameters and special precaution to be



taken while processing of Engineering plastics such as Nylon, Acetal, PC, etc., Common moulding defects, causes and remedies.

**UNIT II COMPRESSION MOULDING 9**

Introduction – principles – definition of Terms – Compression moulding process – specifications – machine used – Bulk factor – flow – cure relationship – ageing of compound – cup flow and spiral flow tests & its significance – cycle time – Preforming, preheating – Methods, machine used, merits & demerits – Influence of process variables such as temperature, pressure, part size & configuration on quality and cycle time – Compression moulding of Thermoplastics – cold forming – sintering – Optimising process parameters & Troubleshooting Merits & Demerits of Compression moulding – Finishing operation.

**UNIT III TRANSFER MOULDING & THERMOSET INJECTION MOULDING 9**

Transfer Moulding – Principles – Types of process – machine used – pot transfer, plunger transfer & screw transfer moulding techniques – moulding cycle – specification – merits and demerits of transfer moulding – Theoretical calculation of pressures – line pressure, Injection ramp pressure – troubleshooting. Thermoset Injection Moulding – Process – Machinery part & their functions – Process parameters – Merits & Demerits – Quality control in Injection Moulding, statistical process control techniques.

**UNIT IV EXTRUSION 9**

Introduction – principles – classification of extruders – single screw extruder – specification – screw nomenclature – types of screws – L/D ratio, compression ratio – back pressure – factors governing back pressure – output and factors affecting output – heating & cooling systems – breaker plate – screen pack & its functions – screw & hopper cooling – die entry effects and die exit instabilities – sharkskin, melt fracture & bambooing.

Twinscrew extruder – principle – types – process – merits & demerits – Vented barrel extruder – hopper loading devices – Drying equipments – Process, machinery – down stream equipments – dies for producing products such as – film – blow film, cast film – Sheets – Tubes/pipes, corrugated pipes – Monofilaments – Box strapping – Coating/ Lamination

**UNIT V BLOW MOULDING 9**

Introduction – Principle – Processes – Extrusion Blow Moulding – Injection Blow Moulding – Process control – Parison programming – Moulds – Machine used – Constructional features – Material and design factors affecting bottle performance – Troubleshooting – Stretch Blow moulding – Process outline.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**REFERENCES**

1. Denold V. Rosato, Injection Moulding Handbook, International Thomson Publishing Co., 1995.
2. M.S. Welling, Injection Moulding Technology, VDI-Verlag GmbH, 1981.
3. Seymour S. Schwartz & Sidney H. Goodman, Plastics materials and Processes, Van Nostrand Reinhold Company, New York, 1982.
4. A.S. Athalya, Injection Moulding, Multi-tech Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1997.
5. Irvin Rubin, Injection Moulding Theory and Practice, A. Wiley Interscience Publication, 1972.
6. Lee, Blow Moulding Design Guide, Hanser Publishers, Munich, 1998.
7. Friedhelm Hensen, Plastics Extrusion Technology, Hanser Publishers Vienna, New York, 1988.

**UNIT I POLYMER PACKAGING MATERIALS 9**

Introduction to Packaging – Functions of packaging – Major packaging materials viz. Polyolefins, Polystyrene, Polyvinylchloride, Polyesters, Polyamides (Nylons), Polycarbonate and Newer materials such as High Nitrile polymers, Polyethylene Naphthalate (PEN), Polyetherimide (PEI) and LCP – Properties and Applications in Packagings.

**UNIT II CONVERSION TECHNOLOGY-I 9**

Extrusion – Blown film, cast film, sheet, multi-layer film and sheet, lamination, stretch and shrink wrap and heat sealing – Injection moulding for manufacturing of packaging products – Influence of process variables and its effects. Blow moulding – Extrusion blow moulding, Die shaping, Programmed parison, Injection blow moulding and Stretch blow moulding

**UNIT III CONVERSION TECHNOLOGY-II 9**

Thermoforming – Vacuum forming, Drape forming, Snap-back vacuum forming, Plug-assisted vacuum forming, Pressure forming, Matched mould forming, Scrap less thermoforming, Skin pack and blister packs, Thermoform/fill/seal systems (TFFS). Advantages and disadvantages of thermoforming.  
Printing – Surface treatment, Printing on films and containers viz. Flexographic printing, Rotogravier printing, Pad printing, Hot stamping, Reverse printing.

**UNIT IV PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF PACKAGING PRODUCTS 9**

Mechanical properties – Tensile properties, Impact properties, Tear strength, Burst strength, Stiffness, Crease or flex resistance, Co-efficient of friction, Blocking, Orientation and shrinkage.

Optical Properties – Clarity, Haze and gloss

Barrier Properties – Oxygen transmission, Water vapour transmission rate – Migration.

**UNIT V ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATION 9**

Plastic waste – Classification, Segregation, Sorting and Waste Management viz. source reduction, reuse/repair, recycling related to packaging films and containers.

Pollutants an outline – ChloroFluoro Carbon (CFC), Dioxin

Life cycle assessment: A case study

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**REFERENCES**

1. Gordon L. Robertson, Food Packaging Principles and Practice, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York 1993.
2. Louis T. Manzione, Plastic Packaging of Microelectronic Devices, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1990.

**OBJECTIVES**

1. To know about the various components in a paint and functions of each component and their advantages.
2. To learn the synthesis and mechanism of film formation of binders in surface coating,
3. To understand the formulations of different types of paints.
4. To know the methods of application of surface coatings and paints, evaluation of paints and their applications.

## OUTCOME

Students learn about various components in paint formulations and different types of paints and surface coatings. They understand the mechanism of film formation and advantages and disadvantages of various binders in paint/surface coating. They also learn about various techniques for application of coatings and their evaluation.

### **UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PAINTS 9**

Basic paint technology; drying oils, Polymeric binders, Pigments, extenders and additives.

### **UNIT II FORMULATION AND PROPERTIES OF PAINTS 9**

Essential concepts of paint formulation and paint properties : paint preparation (pigment dispersion), surface preparation and paint application, paint properties and their evaluation mechanism of film formation, factors affecting coating properties, methods used for film preparation and their properties; barrier properties and corrosion, mechanical properties, aging properties, rheological properties, adhesion properties and other related properties.

### **UNIT III COATING SURFACES 9**

Mathematics of paint formulation, formulations of coatings as finishes (automotive appliances, coil, can, marine, aircraft etc) and for various substrates (Steel, timber, masonry, plastics etc.)

### **UNIT IV SPECIALTY COATINGS 9**

State of the art technologies for radiation durable, nonpolluting, powder, high solids.

### **UNIT V WATER BORNE COATINGS 9**

A Fundamental Constituent of water-borne coatings, Types of Aqueous coatings systems, Binders in water-borne coatings, Additives in water-borne coatings, Pigments and fillers, The action of Amines and Auxiliary solvents in Aqueous, The manufacture of water-borne coatings

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

## REFERENCES

1. Outline of Paint Technology, W.M. Morgans (3rd Edition – Recently CBS Publishers.
2. Paints, Coatings and Solvents, Dieter Stage (Ed.) – 2nd Edition – WernorFreitag Ltd (Eds)
3. Principle & Paint Formulation, R. Woodbroidge (Ed) – 1991
4. Doren“ Water-borne” Hanser 1994.

**PA7004 PLASTICS MOULD AND PRODUCT DESIGN L T P C  
3 0 0 3**

## OBJECTIVES

**The students will be able to familiarize :**

1. Understand the concept and principal of the plastic mould and product design.
2. Describe the selection of a machine and its specification.
3. Explain the importance of the parting line/parting surface and its selection and explain the need of ejection systems, types of ejection systems and calculation of ejection force required.
4. Describe the necessity of feed systems and explain the types of various gates.
5. Understand the design of the injection mould, blow mould, compression mould and transfer mould.

## OUTCOMES:

### Students will get an exposure:

1. Concept of plastic mould and product design.
2. Parting line selection feed system, ejection system and cooling system.
3. Learn the constructional features of various of types of mould

## UNIT I INJECTION MOULD DESIGN 9

**Introduction:** Concept of design – mould design principles – layout of impression – mould venting – mould alignment – mould location – mould clamping. -

**Selection of machines:** Specification of machines – types of machines – shot capacity – shot weight – plasticizing capacity – nozzle details – minimum daylight – maximum daylight – projected area – Injection pressure – Locking force – shut height – ejection arrangement – dry cycle time – methodical approach to mould design – deciding number of impressions – determination of economical no. of cavities.

**Parting line/Parting surface:** Types of parting surface – plain – stepped – irregular – local stepped and profile parting surface – complex edge form.

**Ejection system:** Types of ejection – pin ejection – stepped pin – part pin – “D” pin – blade ejection – sleeve ejection – stripper ejection – air ejection – double ejection – delayed ejection – calculation of ejection force required.

**Mould temperature control:** Types of cooling – Bolster cooling – integral cooling core/cavity – Insert cooling – core/cavity – Baffle cooling – Bubbler cooling – Deep chamber design – spiral cooling – cooling through heat pipes – capillary tubes – heat rods – mould temperature – melt temperature – heat removal rate – calculation of cooling time.

## UNIT II TYPES OF MOULDS 9

**Feeds system:** Sprue, runner and gate – determination of runner – gate – size and cross section – layout of runners – balancing of runners – types of gates – application of gates to various products/materials – gate balancing.

**Types of moulds:** Two plate mould – single impression – multi impression – three plate mould – multi day-light mould – stack mould – runnerless mould – hot runner and insulated runner mould – split moulds – external undercut – internal undercut – finger cam, dog leg cam and cam track actuation – spring – hydraulic actuation – split cavities – split cores – threaded inserts – internal and external – standard mould bases – Calculation of strength of cavities – strength of guide pillar and support pillar requirements – Mould design checklist.

### Blow Mould Design & Extrusion Die Design

Types of blow moulds – extrusion – injection and stretch blow moulds – blow ratio –parison design – pinch off design – parting line – clamping force – mould venting, mould cooling – mould alignment – mould clamping. Extrusion Die Design: Basic concepts

## UNIT III COMPRESSION & TRANSFER MOULD DESIGN 9

Types of compression mould – open flash – semi-positive type – positive displacement moulds – types of loading chambers – bulk factor – flash thickness – pot design – depth of loading chamber calculation – projected area – compression pressure – clamping force – deciding no. of impression by technological method – heating system – types of heaters – heat losses – heat requirement & heater capacity – advantages and disadvantages of compression mould.

Types of transfer moulds – integral pot transfer mould – Top & Bottom plunger design – auxiliary ram transfer mould – transfer pot design – projected area – transfer pressure –

clamping force-pressure pad design-design of spruer runner and gate-calculations- advantages and disadvantages of transfer mould.

**UNIT IV PLASTICS PRODUCT DESIGN 9**

Concepts-size, shape and function-form and function-Aesthetics, Ergonomics - Shrinkage, Flashlines. Undercuts-External&Internal-Wall thickness-variances in wall thickness - suggested wall thickness for thermoplastics and thermosetting materials-steps in product design-emphasize on designing with engineering plastics- Taper or draft - Fits & Tolerances - Designing with plastics for load bearing applications like gears, bearing, etc.

Design of radii, fillets, ribs and bosses-Design for flow and shape-Moulded Holes-through holes-blind holes-threaded holes-side holes-holes parallel to draw-nearness of holes to each other and sidewall-moulding holes not parallel to draw-drilled and tapped holes-moulded threads-moulded lettering-surface treatment.

**UNIT V TYPES OF INSERTS 9**

Types of Inserts-Materials-selection of metal for inserts-minimum wall thickness of material around inserts -anchorage -relieving moulding stresses around inserts - location of inserts in the part -moulded in inserts -pressed in inserts -Design of integral hinges, hinges and snap fits for boxes and assembly of moulded parts - Designed mismatch for part assembly.

Quality and economy - tooling aspects on product design - process variables vs product design-product design appraisal-Product design limitations-shrinkage vs tolerance-end user requirements with case studies-product design tips-prototype development-rapid prototyping techniques-stereolithography.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**REFERENCES**

1. R.G.W.PYE, Injection Mould Design for Thermoplastic, Affiliater East-West Press P.Ltd., New Delhi, 1989.
2. Fischer (EG), Blow moulding of plastics, Newnus Butter Worths, London, 1976.
3. MV Soshi, Dies for Plastics Extrusion, S.G. Wasant for Macmillan India Ltd., Madras, 1992.
4. DYM, Injection Mould Design, Van Nostrand Reinhold Company, New York, 1987.
5. Neil L.Hancox, Design Data for Reinforced Plastics, Chapman & Hall, London, 1994.
6. Beck, Plastic Product Design, Yan Nostrand Reinhold Company, London, 1970.
7. Norman Lee, Blow Mould Design, Hanser Publishers, Munich, 1998.

**PA7005 CAD/CAM/CAE APPLICATION IN MOULD/TOOL DESIGN L T P C  
3 0 0 3**

**OBJECTIVES:**

The students will be able to familiarize :  
Introduction basic concepts of computer aided design.  
Understand the concept and principal of the basic concepts of computer aided design.  
Understanding of CNC Machining techniques and types of control systems for CNC machine system.  
Understand the advanced CAD/CAM manufactured techniques along with the flexible manufacturing system.  
Understand the Rapid Proto Typing and reverse engineering process.  
To gain knowledge on computer aided design.

## **OUTCOMES**

Students will get an exposure :

Concepts of computer aided design (CAD).

Various CNC Machining techniques and its programme operation.

Computer Integrated Manufacturing (CIM) along with computer aided design and manufacturing (CAD/CAM).

Rapid prototype and reverse engineering process and its application

### **UNIT I**

**9**

Introduction- Basic concepts of Computer Aided Design – CAD and CADD system – Shape and size description. Parametric programming - Construction of Engineering drawing – Two dimensional drafting – 3D surface & Solid Modelling – Concepts of engineering data base – Various techniques used to analyse the material properties.

### **UNIT II**

**9**

Introduction to numerical control system – CNC machines - Types of control system for CNC machine – CNC processing – co-ordinate system – CNC axis and motion – CNC milling – CNC turning – CNC EDM – machining – CNC wire EDM concepts – concepts of CNC program – tool motion – canned cycles – CNC interface with CAD-CNC stimulation softwares.

### **UNIT III**

**9**

Computer Integrated Manufacturing (CIM) - Computer Aided Design & Manufacturing (CAD/CAM) process – advanced CAD/CAM Technology – Flexible Manufacturing System (FMS).

### **UNIT IV**

**9**

Rapid prototyping – Processes – Applications - Reverse Engineering – New generation cutting tools for Mould manufacturing.

### **UNIT V**

**9**

Computer Aided Engineering (CAE) – Finite Element Analysis(FEA) – Flow analysis– Thermal analysis – Warpage Analysis – Cooling Analysis - Shrinkage Analysis - Pressure Analysis – C Mould – Mould Flow – Analysis – Introduction and Application.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

## **REFERENCES**

1. Mikell P. Grooves and Emary W. Zimmers, Jr. 'CAD/CAM Computer Aided Design and Manufacturing', Prentice Hall, Inc. 1995.
2. Groover, M.P., 'Automation, Production system and CIM', Prentice – Hall of India, 1998.
3. Dr.KhalilTaraman, Robert E. King, Rachel Subrin, 'CAD/CAM Intergration and Innovation' – Computer and Development Department Marketing Services Division – Dearborn, Michigan, 1985.
4. Peter Kennedy, 'Flow analysis of injection moulds' – Hanser Publishers, Munich Vienna, New York, 1995.
5. U. Rembald, B.O. Nnaji, A. Storr, 'Computer Integrated Manufacturing and Engineering', Addison – Wesley Publishing Company, New York. 1993.

**UNIT I PROGRAMMING AND OPERATION OF CNC MACHINES 9**

Introduction – Co-ordinate system – Dimensioning – Axes and motion nomenclature – Part programme structure – Tool compensation – MDI – Sub-routines – Canned cycle – Machining cycles – Programming examples for Machining centre – Turning centre – Introduction to Computer and CAD/CAM

**UNIT II IMPORTANCE OF EDM IN MOULD MAKING 9**

Brief about EDM – Electrode materials – Applications – CNC EDM – CNC wire EDM – Its development in Mould and Die industry

**UNIT III PRODUCTIVITY SOLUTIONS FOR THE MANUFACTURING OF MOULDS & DIES 9**

CNC Tooling – Different tool materials – Applications – Different tool coatings – Endmills – Ballnose – Selection criteria – Chip thickness with milling cutters – special tools for die and mould making – Tool presetting – Effective and efficient process planning

**UNIT IV ADVANCED MANUFACTURING SYSTEM 9**

Introduction – Mould making techniques – Electronic data processing (EDP) – Mould making using computer integrated manufacturing – CAD for part construction – Interfaces – Softwares – CAD mould design – Data preparation for machining operation – advantages of machining using CAM – Reverse engineering – Rapid prototyping

**UNIT V DESIGN OF MODERN CNC MACHINES 9**

Introduction – Machine structure – Guide ways – Feed drives – Spindles / Spindle bearings – Measuring systems – Controls, software and User Interface – Gauging – tool monitoring system – Ball screw and nut – Feedback element – Equipment for assembly – Troubleshooting

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**REFERENCES**

1. Cyril Donaldson George H. Lecain V.C. Goold, Tool Design, TATA McGraw-Hill, 1998.
2. Richard R. Kibbe John E Neele, Roland O Mayer, Warran White, Machine Tool Practices, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 1999.
3. StoeckhertMennig, Mould Making Hand Book, Hansel Publishers.

**OBJECTIVES**

To familiarise the student with the common methods used in the analytical characterization of polymers

1. To provide the student with an understanding of the fundamental physics and chemistry used by these techniques
2. To expertise the student with a sufficient background to select the appropriate method of characterization and solve a given problem

## **OUTCOME**

After completion of the course, the student able to

1. Predict both qualitative and quantitative basis on the structure, properties and composition of a polymer
2. Analyze and interpret the data taken by physical characterization methods (thermal analysis, microscopy, scattering, spectroscopy and mechanical methods)

### **UNIT I MOLECULAR WEIGHT DETERMINATION 9**

Importance of molecular weight-Molecular weight averages – calculation of different molecular weight averages- Molecular weight determination techniques-Absolute and relative method- Endgroup analysis, Colligative Properties - Ebulliometry, Membrane osmometry and Vapour phase osmometry, Light scattering techniques, Dilute Solution viscometry and Gel Permeation Chromatography.

### **UNIT II SPECTROSCOPIC CHARACTERIZATION 9**

Introduction to Spectroscopic techniques –properties of electromagnetic radiation-UV-Visible Spectroscopy – fundamentals, instrumentation and application to polymers.InfraRed and Raman Spectroscopy – fundamentals, instrumentation and application to polymers.Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) Spectroscopy – principles of magnetic resonance, instrumentation and application to polymers.Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy- theory, experimental considerations, polymerization studies, degradation and relaxation.X -Ray Diffraction- generation and properties of X-rays, diffraction theory, wide- and small-angle scattering, applications to polymers.

### **UNIT III MICROSCOPIC AND CHROMATOGRAPHIC CHARACTERIZATION 9**

Light Microscopy - Scanning electron microscopy – introduction, design and operation of SEM, primary, secondary, back scattered electrons and X- rays, application to polymers. Transmission electron Microscopy- layout of the TEM, diffraction, resolution, contrast, application to polymers and scanning transmission electron microscopy. Gas chromatography and GC-MS- theory and instrumentation, analysis of residual monomer like VCM, Acetaldehyde, Acrylonitrile and Styrene content, additive analysis in Polymers by Gas Chromatography and GC-MS.

### **UNIT IV THERMAL CHARACTERIZATION 9**

The basis of Thermal Analysis – First and second order transitions in polymers- melt and cold crystallisation- Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA) and Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC) – principle, instrumentation and application to polymers-crystallisation kinetics Thermo-mechanical Analysis (TMA) – Dynamic Mechanical Thermal Analysis (DMA) and Dielectrical Thermal Analysis- Theory and principle, instrumentation, application to polymers. Thermo gravimetric Analysis (TGA)- principle, instrumentation and application to polymers, degradation kinetics.

### **UNIT V RHEOLOGICAL CHARACTERIZATION 9**

Introduction and definitions related to fluid flow - Newtonian and non-Newtonian and visco elastic fluids. Rheological properties - viscosity, melt-flow, relationships describing temperature and shear rate dependence on the rheological behaviour of amorphous and crystalline plastics materials, Simple shear flow and its application for measurement of viscosity as well as normal stresses. Simple elongation flow and its significance. Dynamic flow behavior-steady shear and oscillatory shear responses- time dependent fluid responses. Viscosity measurements - capillary rheometer, viscometer, torque rheometers, cup flow and spiral flow tests for determination of flow behaviour.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

## **REFERENCES**

1. T.R. Crompton, Characterization of Polymers, volume 1 and 2, SmithersRapra technology limited, 2008



2. Fred W. Billmeyer, J. R. Text book of Polymer Science, John Wiley & Sons, Singapore, 1994.
3. Seymour/Carraher's Polymer Chemistry An Introduction, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1996.
4. Campbell and J. R. White, Polymer Characterization Physical Techniques, Chapman and Hall, London, 1989.
5. J. Spells, Characterization of Solid Polymers, Chapman and Hall, London, 1994.
6. Charles L. Rohn, Analytical Polymer Rheology, Hanser Publishers, Munich, 1995.
7. Edith A. Turi, Thermal Characterization of Polymeric Materials, Academic Press, New York, 1981.

**PA7008**

**PHYSICS AND RHEOLOGY OF POLYMERS**

**L T P C**

**3 0 0 3**

**OBJECTIVE**

1. To understand the conformational property of polymer chain using different models
2. To study the chain conformation in polymer solution and melt based on thermodynamics
3. To introduce fundamental flow properties and methods used to investigate the flow behaviour under stress
4. To understand the flow behaviour in different processing methods

**OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course student able to

1. Know the conformational change of polymer chains in solution and melt
2. Understand and measure the basic flow properties of polymers
3. Relate the polymer rheology to properties of polymeric materials and processing

**UNIT I MOLECULAR CONFORMATION AND CONFIGURATION 9**

Potential and conformational energy of molecules-polymer conformation and configuration –isomerism in polymers- stereo isomerism, geometrical isomerism, sequential isomerism  
Conformation of an ideal chain-mean square end to end distance-freely jointed and freely rotating chain model, worm like chain model, hindered rotation model. Radius of gyration of an ideal chain. Real chain- excluded volume, Flory theory of polymer in a solvent, deforming real and ideal chains.

**UNIT II ELASTICITY 9**

Thermoelasticity -Thermodynamics of rubbers –Flory construction- entropic and energetic contributions to the elastic force in rubbers –Unentangled rubber elasticity- affine network model-phantom net work model-entangled rubber elasticity-Edwards tube model-Mooney –rivlin model

**UNIT III SOLUTION PROPERTIES 9**

Polymer solutions-theta condition-Thermodynamic view of miscibility-upper critical solution temperature (UCST)- lower critical solution temperature (LCST)-Concentration regimes in polymer solutions  
Viscoelasticity- elastic deformation-irrecoverable deformation - models of viscoelasticity-Voigt-kelvin-Maxwell-Burger models- WLF equation-TTS curve- Boltzman superposition principle- stress relaxation-creep and creep recovery-

**UNIT IV FLOW BEHAVIOUR 9**

Basics of rheology- shear stress-shear strain-strain rate-different types of fluids-Newtonian and Non-Newtonian fluids- flow behaviour of different Non- Newtonian fluids-zero shear viscosity-steady shear and oscillatory shear experiments. Methods to measure flow

properties-capillary rheometer-parallel plate rheometer-cone and plate rheometer-Cup and bob viscometer-Measurement of normal stresses. Theories of viscosities of dilute and concentrated Solutions.

**UNIT V MELT RHEOLOGY AND RHEOMETRY 9**

Rheology of dilute and concentrated suspensions, Flow behaviour of polymer melts during Injection moulding- Extrusion: Film extrusion, sheet Extrusion and Blow mouldings. Bubble inflation rheometer, compression rheometer, stress relaxation instruments. Torque rheometers, rotational & sliding surface rheometers and their use in determining processability.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**REFERENCES**

1. Polymer physics: Michael Rubinstein and R.H. Colby, Oxford University press ,2003
2. Polymer Physics:Ulf W. Gedde, Chapman & Hall, 1995
3. Elements of Physical Chemistry: S. Glasstone and D. Lewis,Macmillan India Press, Madras, 1995.
4. Rheology of Polymers: G.V.Vinogradov and A.YaMalkin, Mir Pub, Moscow, 1980.
5. Introduction to Polymer Viscoelasticity: J.J. Alkonis and W.J.Macknight - - Willey InterScience, New York ,1982.
6. Viscoelasticity of Polymers: D.D.Ferry III Edn. John Willey and Sons, New York, 1981
7. Polymer Melt Rheology: F.N.Cogswell, George Goodwin Ltd. and P. R. Londo, JohnWiley and Sons, 1981.

**PA7009 ADVANCED PLASTICS PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY L T P C  
3 0 0 3**

**OBJECTIVES**

1. To understand the specialized injection moulding process viz., Co-injection moulding, Two-colour injection moulding process, Gas assisted Injection Moulding, Reaction Injection Moulding, Liquid injection moulding, structural foam moulding and to understand the effect of shrinkage, merit & demerits of the process
2. To understand advanced blow moulding process & advanced Extrusion process. To expertise the student with sufficient background for selection of processing techniques.

**OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course, the students able to analysis the advance processing technique, end product application & it's importance

**UNIT I SPECIALIZED INJECTION MOULDING PROCESS - I 9**

Introduction - Co-injection moulding, Two-colour injection moulding process - applications, Gas assisted Injection Moulding - Basic processes and procedures - Moulding aspects - shrinkage and summary. Reaction Injection Moulding (RIM) - Process - Mould - Process Controls – Merits.

**UNIT II SPECIALISED INJECTION MOULDING PROCESS – II 9**

Multi-layer Moulding, Counter flow moulding, Liquid Injection Moulding processes. Structural foam moulding - Low pressure and high pressure processes - Merits & demerits.

- UNIT III      ADVANCED BLOW MOULDING - I      9**  
 Introduction - Classification of advanced Blow moulding processes - Deep draw Double Wall Blow Moulding Technology - Split moulds- Versatility - Applications. Press Blow Moulding Technology Process - Applications, Three dimensional Blow Moulding Process - Applications.
- UNIT IV      ADVANCED BLOW MOULDING – II      9**  
 Stretch blow moulding - Injection stretch blow moulding - Extrusion stretch blow moulding - Process - Merits & demerits - Applications. Multi-layer Blow Moulding - Process - Applications.
- UNIT V      ADVANCED EXTRUSION PROCESSES      9**  
 Introduction - Profile Extrusion - Material - Process - Process optimisation - Cooling Profile applications. Process, down stream equipments - dies and application. Multi-layer films, co-extruded sheets, Pipes, Corrugated pipes.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**REFERENCES**

1. James F. Stenvenson, Innovation in Polymer Processing Moulding, Hanser Publishers, New York, 1996.
2. Donald V. Rosato, Injection Moulding Handbook, International Thomson Publishing Company, 1985.
3. Friedhelm Henson, Plastics Extrusion Technology, Hanser Publishers, New York, 1988.
4. Brunt Strong, Plastics: Materials and Processing, Prentice-Hall, New Jersey, 1996.

**PA7010                      POLYMERIC NANOCOMPOSITES                      L T P C**  
**3 0 0 3**

**OBJECTIVES**

- To gain an understanding of materials commonly used for nano-modification such as nanoclays, carbon nanotubes, etc.
- To study different manufacturing techniques of dispersion of nanoparticles such as sonication, high shear mixing, centrifugal mixer, twin-screw extrusion.
- To study different manufacturing techniques to produce real-life components
- To understand characterization techniques of these materials using scattering, spectroscopic and microscopic techniques
- To evaluate the properties using thermal, mechanical and rheological methods

**OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course, the student should be able to  
 Know different characterization and testing techniques and interpretation of results  
 Have a knowledge about different structures and properties of nanocomposites  
 Have an idea about preparation technologies of nanocomposites  
 Predict applications for Polymer Nanostructured Materials

**UNIT I      PREPARATION OF SYNTHESIS      9**  
 Polymer Nanocomposites, Nanocomposites Preparation and Synthesis, Polymer Matrics : Thermoplastics, Thermosets, Elastomers, Natural and Biodegradable Polymers

**UNIT II      RHEOLOGY OF NANOCOMPOSITES      9**  
 Rheology of Multiphase Systems, Rheology of Polymer / clay Nano composites, Recent studies on Rheology, Measure Techniques, Steady shear Rheology, Dynamic Rheology, Non Linear Viscoelastic properties, Extensional Rheology, Rheological modeling of Nanocomposites.

<b>UNIT III</b>	<b>PROCESSING OF NANOCOMPOSITES</b>	<b>9</b>
Extrusion, Injection Moulding, Blow Moulding, Foaming, Rotational Moulding		
<b>UNIT IV</b>	<b>STRUCTURE AND PROPERTIES CHARACTERIZATION</b>	<b>9</b>
Scattering Techniques, Microscopic Techniques, Spectroscopic Techniques, Spectroscopic Techniques, Chromatography, Solid-state characterization: Mechanical Testing, Thermal Characterization		
<b>UNIT V</b>	<b>APPLICATION OF POLYMER NANOCOMPOSITES</b>	<b>9</b>
Thermoplastics, Thermosets, Biodegradable Polymers.		

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

#### REFERENCES

1. Luigi Nicolis & Gianfranco Carotenuto "Metal -Polymers Nanocomposites" A John Wiley & Sons, Inc Publication 2005
2. Y.C. Ke & P. Stroeve " Polymer-Layered Silicate and Silica Nanocomposites- Elsevier, 2005
3. L.A. Utracki " Clay-Containing Polymeric Nanocomposites" Rapra Technology Limited, 2004
4. Joseph H. Koo, Polymer Nanocomposites, Processing, Characterization, and Applications, McGraw-Hill 2006
5. P. M. Ajayan, L. S. Schadler, P. V. Braun (Eds) Nanocomposite Science and Technology WILEY-VCH Verlag GmbH Co. KGaA, Weinheim, 2003

<b>PA7011</b>	<b>THERMOPLASTIC ELASTOMERS</b>	<b>L T P C</b>
		<b>3 0 0 3</b>

#### OBJECTIVE

- To understand about the different methods of synthesising TPUs and advantages over thermoplastics and elastomers
- To provide a comprehensive overview of different TPUs based on polyolefin, vinyl, styrenic, urethane and polyamides
- To familiarise the student about structure , properties and applications of different TPUs

#### OUTCOME

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- Know the unique characteristics of different TPUs over thermoplastics and elastomers
- Proper selection of suitable TPU for right application
- Correlate the structure and properties of different TPUs
- Select different processing equipments based on the nature of TPU

<b>UNIT I</b>	<b>CLASSIFICATION OF THERMOPLASTIC ELASTOMERS</b>	<b>9</b>
Introduction to Thermoplastic Elastomers (TPE) Polyolefin – based thermoplastic elastomers – Block copolymer, Random Block polymers, Graft copolymers, Polyolefin blend TPE's preparation, Properties, processing and applications.		

<b>UNIT II</b>	<b>THERMOPLASTIC ELASTOMERS FROM CONVENTIONAL POLYMERS</b>	<b>9</b>
Polyvinylchloride based Thermoplastic Elastomers – PVC/Nitrile Rubber blends, PVC/Polyurethane blends, PVC/Co-polyester elastomer blends.		

Styrenic Thermoplastic Elastomers – Manufacture, Properties, Compounding, Processing and Applications.

**UNIT III POLYURETHANE ELASTOMER 9**

Thermoplastic Polyurethane Elastomer – Raw materials, Synthesis, Properties, Processing, Blends and Applications.

**UNIT IV POLYAMIDE AND POLYETHER BASED ELASTOMER 9**

Polyamides based Thermoplastic Elastomers – Polyamide thermoplastic elastomers, Preparation properties, Structure – Property relationship, Processing and applications.  
Thermoplastic Polyether ester Elastomers – Synthesis, polymer structure and Morphology, Properties, Blends and applications.

**UNIT V THERMO PLASTIC ELASTOMER FROM BLENDS 9**

Dynamically vulcanized Thermo Plastic Elastomer Blends – Introduction - Preparation of Elastomer – Plastic blends by dynamic vulcanization, properties and applications.  
Ionomeric Thermoplastic Elastomers: Synthesis, Properties, ionic interactions in polymer blends and applications of ionomeric elastomers.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**REFERENCES**

1. G.Holden, N.R. Legge, R. Quirk, H.E. Schrolder, Thermoplastic Elastomers – 2nd Edition, Hanser Publishers, Munich, 1996.
2. Anil K. Bhowmick, Howard L. Stephens, Hand Book of Elastomers New Developments and Technology, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1988.
3. S.K. De, Anil K. Bhowmick, Thermoplastic Elastomers from Rubber – Plastic Blends, Ellis Horwood, New York, 1990.
4. Benjamin M. Walker, Hand Book of Thermoplastic Elastomers, Van Nostrand Reinhold Company, New York, 1979.

**PA7012**

**SECONDARY PROCESSING TECHNIQUES**

**L T P C  
3 0 0 3**

**UNIT I CALENDERING, THERMOFORMING AND ROTOMOULDING 9**

**Calendering:** Introduction – type of calenders – roll configuration – Definition of terms such as calender bank – calendering process – process variable and application.

**Thermoforming:** Introduction – pressure forming – vacuum forming – Techniques of vacuum forming – simple vacuum forming, drape forming, plug assisted forming, snap-back vacuum forming – pressure snap-back forming-blow back forming – merits & demerits of vacuum forming – vacuum forming moulds. Pressure forming – Advantages over vacuum forming – material for thermo forming – heating systems. Matched die forming – continuous forming methods – application.

**UNIT II FRP LAMINATES 9**

Introduction, FRP processing methods – contact moulding – hand lay up, spray up method – vacuum bag & pressure bag moulding, filament winding, centrifugal casting, pultrusion, matched die moulding – Laminates, definition of terms – high, pressure laminating process, types of machinery, impregnation systems – decorative and industrial laminates, continuous high pressure laminating process, application.

**UNIT III CELLULAR PLASTICS 9**

Introduction – process to create foam in resins – mechanical foaming, chemical foaming, physical foaming – processes to shape and solidify foams – low pressure foam moulding,

high pressure foam moulding, RIM extrusion foaming, casting foams, steam chest moulding structural foam moulding – applications.

#### **UNIT IV MACHINERY & JOINING OF PLASTICS 9**

Introduction – Importance of machining – methods viz. cutting, drilling, blending, filling, etc. Joining – principles – cohesion principle, adhesion principle – solvent cementing, Dop cementing, welding of plastics – viz. high frequency welding thermal sealing, spin welding, vibration welding, hot plate welding, ultrasonic welding, Adhesive bonding – examples: Mechanical fasteners.

**Other Secondary Processes:** Printing, painting, Hot stamping, In mould decoration, Electro plating and vacuum metallising.

#### **UNIT V CASTING PROCESSES AND ROTATIONAL MOULDING 9**

Dipcasting, slush casting, continuous casting, cell casting, processes and applications.

Introduction – principle – process – machinery used – materials – moulds, process parameters – merits & demerits of rotomoulding.

**Coating Processes:** Roller coating, powder coating, fluidised bed coating, electrostatic spray coating, processes and applications.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

#### **REFERENCES**

1. Donal V. Rosato & Dominick V. Rosato, Plastics Processing Data Book, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1990.
2. A. Brent Strong, Plastics: Materials and Processing Practice – Hall, New Jersey, 1996.
3. M.N. Watson, Joining Plastics in Production, The Welding Institute, Cambridge, 1988.

**PA7013**

**BIO-DEGRADABLE PLASTICS**

**L T P C  
3 0 0 3**

#### **OBJECTIVES**

1. To know various types of biodegradable polymers like compostable polymers, starch based polymers, oxo-degradable polymers and their commercial importance.
2. To understand the mechanism of biodegradation of polymers - degradation due to enzymes, chemical degradation, and photo-degradation.
3. To be familiarized with evaluation methods and various ASTM, IS/ISO and other standards for evaluation of biodegradable polymers.
4. To know the various recycling methodologies for conventional plastics and biodegradable polymers.

#### **OUTCOME**

Students will have clear understanding of various types of biodegradable plastics and their merits and demerits. They learn about various standards and test methods used in the evaluation of biodegradation and mechanism of biodegradation. Also, the recycling of both conventional and biodegradable polymers.

#### **UNIT I DEGRADATION OF PLASTICS 9**

Introduction – Chemistry and biochemistry of polymer degradation – Enzymatic degradation- chemical degradation - mechanism of biodegradation – hydrolysis of synthetic biodegradable polymers.



- UNIT II PLASTICS WASTE MANAGEMENT 9**  
 4 R & I approach viz. Source reduction, Reuse, Repair, Recycling, and Incineration with examples. Plastics recycling – Classification – Code of practice - Primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary recycling with examples – Co-extrusion and Co-injection moulding – Waste plastics as fillers.
- UNIT III RECYCLING METHODS 9**  
 Mechanical recycling of commonly used plastics, such as PP, PE, PET, etc. mixed waste recycling – co-extruded films waste, commingled waste – Extrusion flow moulding for production of plastics lumbars, chemical recycling/feedstock recycling processes for recovery of oil, monomer and energy – thermolytic processes. Solvolysis –process outline for PMMA, PET, etc. Fluidised bed incinerator with energy recovery.
- UNIT IV AGEING AND DEGRADATION 9**  
 Recycling of plastics by surface refurbishing – Application of a coating, polishing with examples – Plastics ageing – Environmental ageing – Thermal ageing – Chemical degradation – Wear and erosion. Biodegradable plastics – an overview.
- UNIT V PLASTIC WASTES AND ENVIRONMENT 9**  
 Environmental issues, policies and legislation in India, Review, Tutorial section. Plastics – Energy saving, Eco-friendly – Case studies. Life cycle analysis – a model.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**REFERENCES:**

- 1 R. JohannerBrandrup, Recycling and recovery of plastics, Hanser Publishers, New York, 1996.
- 2 Nabil Mustafa, Plastics Waste Management, Disposal Recycling and Reuse, Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York, 1993.
- 3 Ehrig, Plastics Recycling, Products and Processes, Hanser Publishers, New York, 1992.
- 4 Gerald D. Andrews & Pallatheri M. Subramanian, Emerging Technologies in Plastics Recycling, American Chemical Society, Washington, DC 1992.

**PA7015 RESEARCH METHODOLOGY L T P C  
 3 0 0 3**

**OBJECTIVES**

1. To gain insights into how scientific research is conducted.
2. To help in critical review of literature and assessing the research trends, quality and extension potential of research and equip students to undertake research.
3. To learn and understand the basic statistics involved in data presentation.
4. To identify the influencing factor or determinants of research parameters.
5. To test the significance, validity and reliability of the research results.
6. To help in documentation of research results.

**OUTCOMES**

1. Ability to critically evaluate current research and propose possible alternate directions for further work
2. Ability to develop hypothesis and methodology for research
3. Ability to comprehend and deal with complex research issues in order to communicate their scientific results clearly for peer review.



**UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH METHODS 9**  
Philosophy of Science, Evolutionary Epistemology, Scientific Methods, Hypotheses Generation and Evaluation, Code of Research Ethics, Definition and Objectives of Research, Various Steps in Scientific Research, Types of Research; Research Purposes - Research Design - Survey Research - Case Study Research.

**UNIT II DATA COLLECTION AND SAMPLING DESIGN 9**  
Sources of Data: Primary Data, Secondary Data; Procedure Questionnaire- Survey and Experiments – Design of Survey and Experiments - Sampling Merits and Demerits - Control Observations - Procedures - Sampling Errors.

**UNIT III STATISTICAL MODELING AND ANALYSIS, TIME SERIES ANALYSIS 9**  
Probability Distributions, Fundamentals of Statistical Analysis and Inference, Multivariate methods, Concepts of Correlation and Regression, Fundamentals of Time Series Analysis and Spectral Analysis, Error Analysis, Applications of Spectral Analysis.

**UNIT IV POLYMER RESEARCH 9**  
Polymer synthesis–structure property relation- characterization- testing- principles and methodology.

**UNIT V RESEARCH REPORTS 9**  
Structure and Components of Research Report, Types of Report, Layout of Research Report, Mechanism of writing a research report

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**TEXT BOOK**

1. C.R. Kothari, Research Methodology Methods and Techniques, 2/e, VishwaPrakashan, 2006.
2. Bendat and Piersol, Random data: Analysis and Measurement Procedures, Wiley Interscience, 2001.
3. Shumway and Stoffer, Time Series Analysis and its Applications, Springer, 2000.
4. Jenkins, G.M., and Watts, D.G., Spectral Analysis and its Applications, Holden Day, 1986.

**REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Richard I Levin amp; David S.Rubin, Statistics for Management, 7/e. Pearson Education, 2005.
2. Donald R. Cooper, Pamela S. Schindler, Business Research Methods, 8/e, Tata McGraw-Hill Co. Ltd., 2006.
3. Fuzzy Logic with Engg Applications, Timothy J.Ross, Wiley Publications, 2nd Ed[d]
4. Simulated Annealing: Theory and Applications (Mathematics and Its Applications, by P.J. van Laarhoven & E.H. Aarts[e]
5. Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimization, and Machine Learning by David E. Goldberg.

**OBJECTIVE**

Many polymer blends and alloys are available in the Plastics industries. The syllabus covers about various miscible alloys and immiscible Blends, compatibilizers for making them. Also the syllabus covers about the criteria for Plastics material selection , characterization & testing of Blends and alloys.

Various compatibiliser like graft , block and reactive types are included. The Compounding techniques were taught. The properties & applications of many Polymer blends and alloys based on Commodity Plastics, Engg plastics and speciality plastics are covered.

**OUTCOME**

The syllabus will impart knowledge to M.Tech students about the various aspects mentioned in the objective. i.e the students will be familiar with the various commercial plastics blends and alloys and about their compatibility, properties and applications.

This above subject may be highly useful for doing the M.Tech student's project/thesis work on new material making.

**UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO POLYMER BLENDS & ALLOYS 9**

Introduction to polymer blends & alloys – Definitions and nomenclature – reasons for making polymer blend – how to select blend components – preparation of alloys & blends – economy of blending.

**UNIT II COMPATIBILIZATION AND REACTIVE BLENDING 9**

Introduction – compatibilization mechanisms – compatibilization methods – compatibilization by addition of copolymer reactive blending – future trends.

**UNIT III RHEOLOGY OF POLYMER BLENDS 9**

Introduction – Miscibility and flow behaviour of polymer blends – Immiscible blends – Flow behaviour of immiscible and miscible polymer blends. Complex flow – processing of polymer blends – flow through a contraction.

**UNIT IV MICROSCOPY OF BLENDS AND ALLOYS 9**

Techniques for studying blends and alloys – light microscopy – the microscope, micro structure – scanning electron microscopy – specimen preparation – application to polymer blends. Transmission electron microscopy - specimen preparation – application to polymer blends.

**UNIT V THERMAL AND LIGHT CHARACTERIZATION 9**

Thermal analysis - Differential thermal analysis, Differential scanning calorimeter – Glass transition temperature.

Other techniques: Light scattering – X-ray scattering – spectroscopy

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**REFERENCES**

1. L.A.Utracki, Commercial Polymer Blends, Chapman & Hall, London, 1998.
2. R.P. Singh, C.K. Das, S.K. Mustafi, Polymer Blends and Alloys an Overview, Asian Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2002.
3. R. Paul & Seymour Newman, Polymer Blends, Vol. 1 & 2, Academic Press, New York, 1978

**OBJECTIVES**

1. To learn about various types of biopolymers produced from starch and microbially synthesized biopolymers. Various bio-based feed stocks for biopolymers.
2. To understand various natural and synthetic polymers used for biomedical applications.
3. To learn about the plastics that are used as implants in cardiovascular, dental, ophthalmology, and other artificial organs.
4. To be familiarized with evaluation methods of biomedical polymers and their interaction with human system in in-vivo and in-vitro environments.

**OUTCOME**

Students understand production of bio-plastics from bio-based feed stocks. They learn about various plastics that are used for biomedical applications such as cardiovascular, dental, ophthalmology, and other artificial organs. Students also understand the methods and standards used for the evaluation of biomedical polymers.

**UNIT I BIOPOLYMERS 9**

Recent Development in the Bio-Polymer Industry - starch based materials, Plant Produced Polymers, Microbially produced polymers, Biologically-Based resins, Adhesives, and coatings, continuing research and development on Bio-polymers

**UNIT II SYNTHETIC AND NATURAL BIOMATERIALS 9**

Polyolefin's, Polyamides, Acrylic Polymers, Fluorocarbons, Polyesters, Engineering Plastics. Collagen, Polysaccharides, Proteins, etc.

**UNIT III MEDICAL APPLICATIONS OF PLASTICS 9**

Cardiovascular implants, Dental Implants, Role of plastics in Ophthalmology, Hydro gels, Drug Delivery systems, Sutures, Burn Dressings and Artificial skin, Hernia Mesh, Adhesives and Sealants, Artificial organs and devices, Blood bags, Condoms, etc.

**UNIT IV POLYMER INTERACTIONS AND BIO DEGRADATION 9**

Interaction with blood and blood compatibility, chemical and biochemical degradation of polymers, Tissue engineering and polymers.

**UNIT V TESTING AND EVALUATION 9**

in-vitro/vivo; Standards in product development and regulations; Ethical and sociological issues.

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

**REFERENCES:**

1. Buddy D. Ratner, Allan S. Hoffman, Fredrick, J. Schoen and Jack E. Lemons (Eds), Biomaterials, Science – An Introduction to Materials in Medicine, Academic Press, San Diego (1996).
2. Joon B. Park and Roderic S. Lakes, Biomaterials: An Introduction, 2nd edition, Plenum Press, New York (1992).

**OBJECTIVES**

1. To know about the intellectual properties, patents, trade marks and design rights
2. To understand the procedure for applying patent documentation
3. To get information on the industrial design and its projection
4. To learn about the procedure for commercialization of intellectual properties

**OUTCOMES**

1. On completion of this paper the student will
2. Able to understand the laws and regulation governing the patents, trade marks and copyrights
3. Able to know about the procedure for applying patent and copy rights
4. Understand the basics of industrial design
5. Have detailed knowledge of commercialization of patents and trademarks

**UNIT I OVERVIEW OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AND PATENTS 9**

introduction and the need for intellectual property right (IPR) IPR in India and abroad – Genesis and Development- Macro economic impact of the patent system-Patent and kind of inventions protected by a patent-Patent document-Granting of patent-Rights of a patent-paten searching -Drafting of a patent-Filing of a patent

**UNIT II COPYRIGHT 9**

Definition- copyright duration- copyright protection - Rights covered by copyright -Related Rights- definition -Distinction between related rights and copyright –

**UNIT III TRADEMARKS 9**

Definition- functions-Rights of trademark- types of trademark- trademark protection-trademark registration- trademark validity duration -Domain name

**UNIT IV INDUSTRIAL DESIGNS 9**

Definition- need for industrial designs- protection- type of protection- protection duration-unfair competition- Infringement of intellectual property rights- Enforcement Measures

**UNIT V COMMERCIALIZATION AND CASE STUDY 9**

Licensing and enforcing intellectual property,Commercializing technology Invention, Case studies of polymer technology

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**TEXT BOOKS**

1. AjitParulekar and Sarita D' Souza, Indian Patents Law – Legal & BusinessImplications; Macmillan India ltd , 2006
2. B.L.Wadehra; Law Relating to Patents, Trade Marks, Copyright, Designs &Geographical Indications; Universal law Publishing Pvt. Ltd., India 2000
3. P. Narayanan; Law of Copyright and Industrial Designs; Eastern law House, Delhi ,2010
4. J. K. Bagchi, Intellectual Property: Global and Indian Dimensions, Manas Publications, 2007
5. K. Raja Mohan Roa, Role Of Universities In Promotion Of Intellectual Property, Serials Publications, 2006.

**OBJECTIVES**

1. To understand the concept and principles of total quality management.
2. To learn the various tools and techniques available to achieve total quality management.
3. To learn the importance of quality systems and procedures.

**OUTCOMES**

On completion of this paper the student will:

1. Be able to explore the basic ideas underlying quality management and have a detailed knowledge of the role of Total Quality Management (TQM) in modern management.
2. Be able to select and apply appropriate quality control techniques and evaluated data generated.
3. Know how to control and maintain a quality management system.
4. Have detailed knowledge of ISO certification and accreditation.
5. Have knowledge and insight of different quality management systems.

**UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9**

Quality – Basic Concepts, Definition, Dimensions, Cost Of Quality, Quality Gurus  
Total Quality Management – Definition, Basic Concepts of TQM, Historical Reviews Of TQM, Dimension Of TQM, Leadership Concept, Benefits Of TQM, Barriers to TQM.

**UNIT II TQM PRINCIPLES 9**

Customer Satisfaction – Customer Perception of Quality, Customer Complaints, Service Quality, Customer Retention, Customer – Supplier Relationship, Performance Measures.  
Leadership and Top Management Commitment, Employee Involvement – Empowerment, Team Work, Continuous Process Improvement.

**UNIT III TQM TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES 9**

PDSA, The Seven Tools Of Quality, New Seven Management Tools, Concepts Of Six Sigma, FMEA, Bench Marking, Quality Function Deployment, Quality Circles

**UNIT IV QUALITY SYSTEMS 9**

Need For ISO 9000 Systems, Clauses, Documentation, Implementation, Introduction To ISO 14000, Implementation Of TQM, Case Studies.

**UNIT V IMPLEMENTATION OF TQM 9**

Steps – KAIZEN, 5S, JIT, Poka-Yoke, Taguchi Methods, Case Studies.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**TEXT BOOKS**

1. Besterfield, Dale. H et al: "Total Quality Management", Pearson Education Asia, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Indian Reprint. 2006.
2. Ross, J.E, "Total Quality Management", Kohan Page, 1993.

**REFERENCES**

1. Bank, J, "The Essence of Total Quality Management", Prentice Hall of India, 1993.
2. Bonds, G, "Beyond Total Quality Management", McGraw Hill, 1994.
3. Oakland, J.S, "TQM-Text with Cases", Butterworth-Heireneman, Oxford, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2005.
4. Janakiraman, B and Gopal R.K, "Total Quality Management: Text and Cases", Prentice Hall of India.
5. Narayana, V and Sreenivasan V.S , "Quality Management – Concept and Tasks", New Age International, 1996.

**OBJECTIVES**

1. To develop the Knowledge about fundamentals about accountancy.
2. To learn about the methods of materials control and pricing issues.
3. To learn about the income tax rules .

**OUTCOME**

1. Students will learn how the accountancy used in their field.
2. Students will gain Knowledge about materials issues, Labours incentives
3. Students will gain Knowledge about Tax rules and regulation

**UNIT I FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF COST ACCOUNTING 9**  
Financial and Cost Accounting – Costing – Elements of Cost – Cost centres – Methods & Types of Costing – Advantages of Cost Accounting – Preparation of cost sheet.

**UNIT II PURCHASE & STORES ORGANIZATION 9**  
Purchase of materials – Procedure for purchases – Levels of materials – Economic ordering quantity.  
Store keeper and his functions – Bin card; Priced Stores Ledger – Perpetual Inventory System – ABC Method of stores control – Pricing of material issues (FIFO, LIFO, Average price, etc.).

**UNIT III LABOUR COSTING 9**  
Methods of recording attendance – Methods of remuneration – Time rate, Differential time rate, payment by results – Different Incentive schemes (Taylors differential, Merrick, Gantt Task Bonus, Emerson & Halsey plan).

**UNIT IV BUDGETARY CONTROL & MARGINAL COSTING 9**  
Budget – Budgetary control – Types of Budgets – Advantages & Difference between Budgetary control and Standard costing – Zero base budgeting.  
Marginal cost & costing – Cost volume profit Analysis – PIV Ratio – Margin of safety – Application of Marginal costing technique – Advantages – Break Even point & Analysis – Its advantages.

**UNIT V TAX RULES & REGULATIONS 9**  
Brief about Income tax Rules, Customs, Excise Rules, Sales Tax & its application in industry.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**REFERENCES**

1. B.M. Lall Nigam, I.C. Jain, Cost Accounting an Introduction – Prentice, Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2001.
2. S.P. Jain, K.L. Narang, Cost Accounting Principles and Practice, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi, Ed. 12, 1993.
3. B.K. Bhar, Cost Accounting Methods and Problems – Academic Publisher, Calcutta, 1991.
4. T. Horngren, M.R. Foster, M.Datar, Cost Accounting A Managerial Emphasis – Prentice, Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, Ed.8, 1994.

**OBJECTIVES**

This subject is designed to provide a basic understanding to the students with reference to working of business organizations through the process of management.

To understand the managerial functions of planning and organizing.

To Understand managerial functions of staffing, directing and controlling.

**OUTCOME**

At the end the course the students shall know how an organization works and understand various functions such as planning and organizing, directing and controlling.

**UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT AND HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT 9**

Definition of Management - Science or Art or Profession - Management and Administration - Development of Management Thought - Contribution of Taylor and Fayol - Functions of Management – Managerial Roles - Levels of Management.

**UNIT II PLANNING 9**

Nature and Purpose - Steps involved in Planning - Types of Plans -Objectives - Process of Managing by Objectives – Strategies - Policies - Planning Premises - Decision-Making Cases

**UNIT III ORGANISING AND HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT 9**

Nature and Purpose - Structure and Process- Formal and Informal Organization - Organization Chart- Departmentation by different Strategies - Line and Staff Authority - De-Centralization and Delegation of Authority - Introduction to Human Resource Management. Cases

**UNIT IV DIRECTING 9**

Scope - Human Factors - Creativity and Innovation - Harmonizing Objectives - Leadership – Types of Leadership - Leadership Theories - Motivation - Hierarchy of Needs – Theories of Motivation. Cases

**UNIT V CONTROLLING AND INTERNATIONAL MANAGEMENT 9**

Process of Controlling - Requirements for effective Control – Techniques of control- Information Technology in Controlling - Use of computers in handling the information - Productivity Problems – International Management and MNCs- Japanese Management- Theory Z- Managerial functions in International Business. Cases

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS****TEXT BOOK**

1. H. Koontz, H. Weihrich, and Ramachandra Aryasri A., "Principles of Management", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw -Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 2006.

**REFERENCES**

1. V.S.P.Rao &V.Hari Krishna," Management :Text &Cases" Second Edition , Excel Books, 2008.
2. Stephen P Robbins, "Fundamentals of Management: Essential Concepts and Applications", 5th Edition, Pearson Education., 2005
3. R. Sivarethinamohan and P. Aranganathan, "Principles of Management", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, CBA/Tata McGraw -Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 2005.
4. JamesA F Stoner ,Edward Freeman and Gilbert, "Management", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 1995.
5. Gupta, Sharma and Bhalla; Principles of Business Management; Kalyani Publications; 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2007.
6. Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2007.